SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2006

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Executive Committee
Six County Association of Governments
Richfield, Utah 84701

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Six County Association of Governments as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the Association's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Association's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Six County Association of Governments as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 20, 2006, on our consideration of Six County Association of Governments' internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 6 through 13 and 34 through 35 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Executive Committee
Six County Association of Governments

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Six County Association of Governments' basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of addition analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of Six County Association of Governments. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

KIMBALL & ROBERTS, P. C. Certified Public Accountants

November 20, 2006 Richfield, Utah

### SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

This discussion of the Six County Association of Governments (SCAOG) financial performance provides an overview of the SCAOG's financial activities for the year ending June 30, 2006. This report is in conjunction with the SCAOG's financial statements. The SCAOG's purpose is to provide services to the residents of the Six County area. These services include Administration, Aging, Economic Development, Community Assistance, and Housing and Weatherization.

### **Financial Highlights**

- \* The assets of the SCAOG exceeded its liabilities as of the close of the most recent year by \$1,688,281 (net assets). Of this amount, \$374,502 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to employees and creditors.
- \* The government's total net assets decreased by \$32,513. The revenues were less than the adopted budgeted amounts, and expenditures were less than the adopted budgeted amounts.
- \* At the close of the current year, the SCAOG's governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$1,712,405 a decrease of \$5,853 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 29 percent of this total amount, \$495,022, is available for spending at the SCAOG's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- \* At the end of the current year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$495,022, or 14 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- \* The SCAOG's compensated absences increased by \$17,340 during the current year.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the SCAOG's basic financial statements. The SCAOG's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the SCAOG's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the SCAOG's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serves as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the SCAOG is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the SCAOG's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., revenues and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements include functions of the SCAOG that are principally supported by fees and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). These activities include Administration, Aging, Economic Development, Community Services, and Housing and Weatherization.

Refer to the table of contents for the location of the government-wide financial statements.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The SCAOG, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the SCAOG are governmental funds.

### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statement, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balance of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditure, and changes in fund balances provide a provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The SCAOG maintains two governmental funds, General and Revolving Loan.

The SCAOG adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided to demonstrate legal compliance with the adopted budget for the general fund.

Refer to the table of contents for the location of the basic governmental fund financial statements.

### **Notes To The Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are part of the basic financial statements.

### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the SCAOG.

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the SCAOG, assets exceeded liabilities by \$1,688,281 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

One portion of the SCAOG's net assets (5 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. equipment and vehicles) less any related debt required to purchase those assets that is still outstanding. The SCAOG uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens: consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the SCAOG's investment in its capital assets would be reported net of related debt, if any, and it should be noted that the resources needed to repay any debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate any related debt. The SCAOG has determined that all asset purchases in excess of \$5,000 will be capitalized.

### Six County Association of Government's Net Assets

	Governmental Activities				
	2006	2005	Change		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	1,991,107 70,653	1,383,617 	607,490 (9,320)		
Total Assets	2,061,760	1,463,590	598,170		
Long-Term Liabilities Other Liabilities	94,777 278,702	77,437 626,261	17,340 (347,559)		
Total Liabilities	<u>373,479</u>	703,698	(330,219)		
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets					
Net of Related Debt	70,653	79,973	(9,320)		
Restricted	1,243,126	1,139,572	103,554		
Unrestricted	374,502	501,249	(126,747)		
Total Net Assets	1,688,281	1,720,794	(32,513)		

A portion of the SCAOG's net assets (74 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets, \$374,502, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the year, the SCAOG is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets for the government as a whole.

### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities decreased the SCAOG's net assets by \$32,513. Key elements of the changes are shown below.

### Six County Association of Governments Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities			
	2006	2005	Change	
Revenues:				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	527,764	677,433	(149,669)	
Operating Grants	3,190,569	3,4 <b>06,</b> 392	(215,823)	
General Revenues:	•			
Loss on Fixed Assets	(6,413)	-	(6,413)	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	74,981	<b>63,303</b>	11,678	
Total Revenues	3,786,901	4,147,128	(360,227)	
Expenses:				
General Government:				
Administration	333,001	<b>476</b> ,029	(143,028)	
Aging	1,534,472	1,5 <b>60,</b> 457	<b>(2</b> 5,9 <b>85)</b>	
Economic Development	651,755	911,697	(259,942)	
Community Assistance	<b>436,4</b> 16	442,160	(5,744)	
Housing & Weatherization	812,288	<b>718</b> ,186	94,102	
Revolving Loan Fund	51,482	<b>70,</b> 950	(19,468)	
Total Expenses	3,819,414	4,179,479	(360,065)	
Decrease in Net Assets	(32,513)	(32,351)	(162)	
Net Assets - Beginning	1,720,794	1,753,145	(32,351)	
Net Assets - Ending	1,688,281	1,720,794	<b>(32,513)</b>	

For the most part, increases in expenses closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services.

### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the SCAOG uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the SCAOG's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the SCAOG's financing requirements. In particular *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

At the end of the year, the SCAOG's governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$1,712,405 a decrease of \$5,853 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 29 percent of this amount, \$495,022 constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to the Revolving Loan Fund and designated for compensated absences.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the SCAOG. At the end of the current year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$495,022, and total fund balance was \$564,056. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 13 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 15 percent of that same amount.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget of \$359,004 can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \* \$ 82,060 increase in salaries and wages
- \* \$ 38,744 increase in fringe benefits
- \* \$119.759 increase in travel
- \* \$101,774 increase in supplies
- \* \$ 64,873 increase in administrative services
- \* \$148,627 increase in materials and supplies
- \* \$ 583,789 increase in contractual
- \$ 130,189 increase in other
- \* \$ 63,375 increase in pass-thru monies to counties
- \* \$1,067,902 decrease in volunteer and other services
- \* \$ 93,716 increase in food and other

Of the total general fund expenditures, none was funded out of prior year's unreserved fund balance.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

### **Capital Assets**

The SCAOG's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2006, was \$70,653 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes equipment and vehicles. There was no long-term debt related to capital assets at year end.

	2006	2005
Equipment	18,214	17,271
Vehicles	52,439	62,702
Total (Net of Depreciation)	70,653	<u>79,973</u>

Additional information on the SCAOG's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

### **Long -Term Debt**

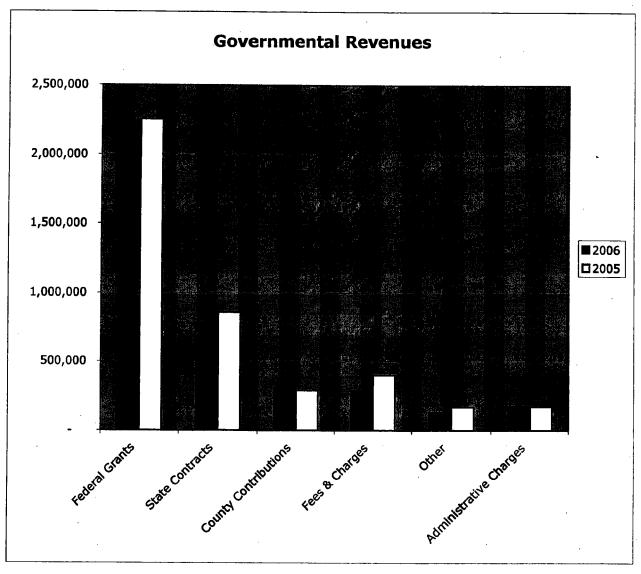
At the end of the current year, the SCAOG had no long-term debt.

### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the SCAOG's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Six County Association of Governments, P.O. Box 820, Richfield, Utah 84701.

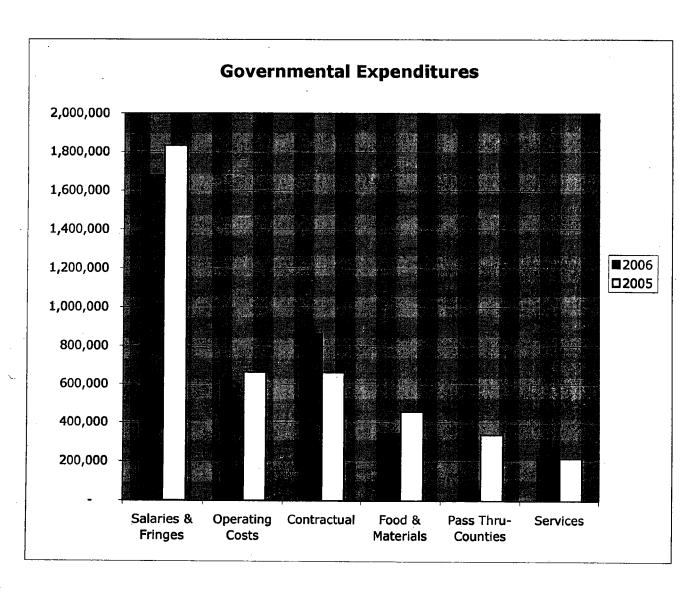
# Six County Association of Governments Governmental Revenues For The Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2006 and 2005

2006	2005
2,246,635	2,253,852
627,325	861,786
316,609	290,754
294,048	400,535
133,471	168,512
175,226	171,689
3,793,314	4,147,128
	2,246,635 627,325 316,609 294,048 133,471 175,226



# Six County Association of Governments Governmental Expenditures For The Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2006 and 2005

	2006	2005
Salaries & Fringes	1,678,390	1,833,030
Operating Costs	619,747	665,202
Contractual	865,266	664,455
Food & Materials	345,640	458,583
Pass Thru-Counties	58,676	338,828
Services	231,448	219,381
Total Expenditures	3,799,167	4,179,479



# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

### June 30, 2006

	Primary
	Government
	Governmental
	Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	352,765
Due From Other Government Units	<b>48</b> 9,993
Notes Receivable	146,849
Total Current Assets	989,607
Noncurrent Assets:	
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents:	•
Revolving Loan Funds	253,714
Notes Receivable	<b>74</b> 7,786
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation):	
Equipment	18,214
Vehicles	52,439
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,072,153
TOTAL ASSETS	2,061,760
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	<b>27</b> 8,702
•	
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Compensated Absences	94,777
TOTAL LIABILITIES	373,479
•	
NET ASSETS	
Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	70,653
Restricted For:	
Revolving Loan Fund	1,148,349
Compensated Absences	94,777
Unrestricted	374,502
	:
TOTAL NET ASSETS	1,688,281
	0.004.705
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	2,061,760

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

) Revenues	n Net Assets	ŀ	lotal		(101,081)	7,00	(101,081)		74,981	(6,413)	68,568	(32,513)		1,720,794	700	1,688,281
Net (Expense) Revenues	and Changes in Net Assets	Governmental	Activities		(101,081)		(180,101)		74,981	(6,413)	68,568	(32,513)		1,720,794		1,688,281
		Capital Grants/	Contributions		1											
	Program Revenues	Operating Grants/	Contributions		3,190,569		3,190,569		SD							
		Charges for	Services		527,764		527,764	.00	Illurestricted Investment Earnings	Loss on Trade In of Autos	Total General Revenues	Change in Net Assets		- Beginning		- Ending
			Expenses		3,819,414		3,819,414	Constal Douglass	Inrestricted	Loss on Trad	Total G	Change	•	Net Assets - Be		Net Assets - Er
				Function/Programs Primary Government:	General Government		Total Governmental Activities									

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

ASSETS	General Fund	Revolving Loan Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents	352,765	253,714	606,479
Accounts Receivable (Net)	489,993	-	489,993
Notes Receivable		894,635	894,635
TOTAL ASSETS	842,758	1,148,349	1,991,107
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	278,702		278,702
Total Liabilities	278,702	<u>-</u>	278,702
Fund Balances:			
Reserved For:			
Revolving Loan Fund	-	1,148,349	1,148,349
Designated For:			
Compensated Absences	69, <b>034</b>	-	69,034
Unreserved, Undesignated	495,022		495,022
Total Fund Balance	564,056	1,148,349	1,712,405
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	•		
FUND BALANCE	842,758	1,148,349	1,991,107

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS BALANCE SHEET RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2006

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Fund Types		1,71 <b>2,4</b> 05
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Equipment	18,214	
Vehicles	52,439	
Total		70,653
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Compensated Absences		(94,777)
Net Assets of Government Activities		1,688,281

# SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	General Fund	Revolving Loan Trust Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Federal Grants	2,246,635	•	2,246,635
Contracts With State Agencies	627,325	-	627,325
Counties Contributions	316,609	-	316,609
Contractual	29,000	-	29,000
Fees and Charges	<b>2</b> 94, <b>048</b>	-	294,048
Interest	15, <b>808</b>	59,173	74,981
Other	28,404	1,086	29,490
Administrative Charges	<u>175,226</u>		175,226
Total Revenues	3,733,055	60,259	3,793,314
Expenditures:			
Salaries and Wages	1,130,271	27,920	1,158,191
Fringe Benefits	505, <b>034</b>	<b>1</b> 5,1 <b>65</b>	520,199
Travel	194, <b>304</b>	3,046	197,350
Supplies	197, <b>63</b> 6	2,669	200,305
Equipment	25 <b>,292</b>	-	<b>25,292</b>
Contractual	865, <b>266</b>	•	865,266
Other	96,291	1,173	97,464
Administrative Charges	97,827	1,509	99,336
Food and Other	<b>2</b> 54, <b>30</b> 9	-	254,309
Materials and Supplies	91, <b>331</b>	-	91,331
Pass-Thru Monies to Counties	58,676	-	58,676
Volunteer and Other Services	<u>231,448</u>		231,448
Total Expenditures	3,747,685	51,482	3,799,167
Net Change In Fund Balance	(14,630)	8,777	(5,853)
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>578,<b>68</b>6</u>	1,139,572	1,718,258
Fund Balance - Ending	564,056	1,148,349_	1,712,405

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

### For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		(5,853)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:		
Capital Outlay	43,581	
Depreciation Expense	(46,488)	
Total		(2,907)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:		
Compensated Absences		(17,340)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use o current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	f	
Loss on Trade In of Vehicles		(6,413)
Changes In Net Assets of Governmental Activities		(32,513)

June 30, 2006

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Six County Association of Governments:

The Association is organized under the laws of the State of Utah. The confines of the Six County Association of Governments includes Millard, Juab, Sanpete, Sevier, Wayne and Piute Counties, commonly referred to as the Six County area.

The governing board consists of one commissioner and one mayor from each County. The executive committee consists of the chairman, the vice chairman and the immediate past chairman. The governing board is appointed to oversee various programs or areas of concern and conduct the routine business of the organization through the Executive Director and the department directors. They act as the organizational agent for the signing of contracts, checks and other required documents.

The accompanying basic financial statements present the financial position of the General Fund and the results of operations of the General Fund. The basic financial statements are presented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

### A. Reporting Entity:

For financial reporting purposes the Six County Association of Governments, incorporated in the State of Utah, has included all funds and account groups. The Six County Association of Governments has no component units or related organizations. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Six County Association of Governments, the reporting entity.

### **B.** Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., statement of net assets and statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Six County Association of Governments considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

State revenues, federal revenues, local revenues and interest on investments associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenues items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Revolving Loan Special Revenue Fund Accounts for loan activities including the disbursement of money to local business and repayment of principal and interest.

### D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

### **Deposits and Investments:**

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

### Capital Assets:

Capital assets, which include equipment and vehicles are reported in the applicable governmental type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Vehicles and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Equipment Vehicles 7 - 15 Years 5 Years

### **Long-Term Obligations:**

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net assets.

In the fund financial statement, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, if any, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### **Fund Equity:**

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designation of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) Compensated Absences:

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements.

### Pass-Through Funds:

The Association functions as a pass-thru agency for various programs. The pass-thru monies are recorded as revenues when they are received or due the organization and recorded as expenditures when sent or obligated to the sub-grantee or sub-contractor.

### E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### F. Budgets

The Six County Association of Governments' fiscal year ends as of June 30th each year. However, the various departments of the organization budget their expenditures by contract. Several contracts are based on a fiscal year ending other than June 30th. Therefore, budget to actual comparisons for various departments do not necessarily represent budget periods which coincide with the Association's overall fiscal year end of June 30th.

### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2006 consist of the following:

	<u>Fair Value</u>
Demand Deposits - Checking	344,207
Investment - PTIF	262,272
Total Cash and Investments	606,479

### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and investments listed above are classified in the accompanying government-wide statement of net assets as follows:

Governmental Activities - Unrestricted	352,765
Governmental - Restricted	253,714
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	606,479

The Utah Money Management Act (UMMA) established specific requirements regarding deposits of public funds by public treasurers. UMMA requires that Association funds be deposited with a qualified depository which includes any depository institution which has been certified by the Utah State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as having met the requirements specified in UMMA Section 51, Chapter 7. UMMA provides the formula for determining the amount of public funds which a qualified depository may hold in order to minimize risk of loss and also defines capital requirements which an Institution must maintain to be eligible to accept public funds. UMMA lists the criteria for investments and specifies the assets which are eligible to be invested in, and for some investments, the amount of time to maturity.

UMMA enables the State Treasurer to operate the Public Treasurer's Investment Pool (PTIF). PTIF is managed by the Utah State Treasurer's investment staff and comes under the regulatory authority of the Utah Money Management Council. This council is comprised of a select group of financial professionals from units of local and state government and financial institutions doing business in the state. PTIF operations and portfolio composition is monitored at least semi-annually by Utah Money Management Council. PTIF is unrated by any nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

PTIF operations and portfolio composition is monitored at least semi-annually by Utah Money Management Council. PTIF is unrated by any nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Deposits in PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah. Participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments which are recorded an amortized cost basis. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by PTIF. The fair value of the investment pool is approximately equal to the value of the pool shares.

Deposits in PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah. Participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments which are recorded an amortized cost basis. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by PTIF. The fair value of the investment pool is approximately equal to the value of the pool shares.

### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits and investments for local government are governed by the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code Annotated, Title 51, Chapter 7, "the Act") and by rules of the Utah Management Council ("the Council"). Following are discussions of the local government's exposure to various risks related to its cash management activities.

### **Custodial Credit Risk:**

Deposits - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the local government's deposits may not be recovered. The local government's policy for managing custodial credit risk is to adhere to the Money Management Act. The Act requires all deposits of the local government to be in a qualified depository, defined as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government and which has been certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council. As of June 30, 2006, \$244,207 of the local government's bank balances of \$344,207 were uninsured and uncollateralized.

### **Credit Risk:**

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty of an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The local government's policy for limiting the credit risk of investments is to comply with the Money Management Act.

The local government is authorized to invest in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF), an external pooled investment fund managed by the Utah State Treasurer and subject to the Act and Council requirements. The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, and deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The income, gains and losses, net of administration fees, of the PTIF are allocated based upon the participants' average daily balances.

For the year ended June 30, 2006, the local governments has investments of \$262,272 with the PTIF. The entire balance had a maturity less than one year. The PTIF pool has not been rated.

### **Interest Rate Risk:**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The local government manages its exposure to declines in fair value by investments mainly in the PTIF and by adhering to the Money Management Act. The act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested.

### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) Concentration of Credit Risk:

Concentration of credit risk the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments. in a single issuer. PTIF falls under the constraints of UMMA in limiting concentrations of investments.

### **NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

Accounts receivable of \$489,993 consists mainly of monies due from grants and contracts with federal, state and local government agencies and certain fees collected by mental health centers and remitted to the Association in July. Receivables from other sources are not shown as revenues due to the uncertainty of collections.

### **NOTE 4 - REVOLVING LOAN FUND**

The Six County Economic Development District was awarded a grant in the amount of \$500,000 from the Economic Development Administration for the purpose of establishing a Revolving Loan Trust Fund. The Federal money was matched by a Community Development Block Grant of \$261,220 making a total of \$761,220 available to the Revolving Loan Trust Fund. The fund also received an additional \$45,000 from Farmers Home Administration which was subsequently loaned out. These grant monies have been disbursed throughout the Six County region as qualified businesses have been approved to receive these loans.

The purpose of the fund is to help provide financing for new or expanding businesses in the Six County area who meet certain qualifications.

As of June 30, 2006, a total of \$3,131,442 had been disbursed to qualifying businesses since the inception of the program. The loan balance at June 30, 2006, was \$894,635 and these businesses are now making principal and interest payments to the Revolving Loan Fund according to their individual repayment schedules. During 2005/2006 the District disbursed program income of \$40,000 to two qualifying business.

There have been a total of seven loans, totaling \$205,057, deemed uncollectible and written off since inception. During the current year no loans were written off.

### NOTE 4 - REVOLVING LOAN FUND (CONTINUED)

The following is a schedule of cash receipts and disbursements for the year.

Cash Balance - Beginning of Year		97,069
Receipts:		
Interest Earned on Contracts	54,098	
Principal Payments on Notes	187,868	
Loan Fees and Charges	1,086	
Bank Interest	5,075	
Total Receipts		248,127
Disbursements:		
New Loans:		
Autumn Park Assisted Living	20,000	
Action Video Plus, Inc.	20,000	
Total Loans	40,000	
Other Disbursements:		
Personnel	27,920	
Fringe Benefits	15,165	
Travel	3,046	
Supplies	318	
Utilities	697	
Rent	316	
AOG Fiscal Services	1,509	
Insurance	200	
Repairs and Services	1,138	
Other	1,173	
Total Other Disbursements	51,482	
Total Disbursements		91,482
Cash Balance - End of Year		253,714

### NOTE 4 - REVOLVING LOAN FUND (CONTINUED)

The following is a statement of changes in Notes Receivable:

Loan Balance		<b>Additional</b>	Principal Payments	Loan Balance
June 30, 2005	Write-Offs	Loans	On Loans	June 30, 2006
1,042,503	-	40,000	(187,868)	894,635

The notes receivable at June 30, 2006, are as follows:

	Current	Long-Term	Total
Action Video Plus, Inc.	5,000	13,704	18,704
Autumn Park Assisted Living	5,00 <b>0</b>	20,037	25,037
High Top Academy	5,000	112,592	117,592
Ideal Dairy	6,000	<b>46,</b> 497	52,497
K & C Minimarts, Inc.	6,000	116,984	122,984
Majestic Trucking	3,000	13,629	16,629
Michelson's Cafe	3,435	-	3,435
Moore's Old Pine Inn	7,000	12,487	19,487
Red Rock Cheese	5,00 <b>0</b>	141,092	146 <b>,0</b> 92
Reigning Irrigation	11,641	-	11,641
Reigning Irrigation	16,000	18,777	34,777
Rocky Mountain West Telephone	15,000	21,814	36,814
Sevier Smart Site, LLC	1,000	<b>32</b> ,633	33,633
Sunglow Cafe	4,465	-	4,465
Taurus Salt, Inc.	24,000	<b>86,</b> 945	110,945
Tugs One Stop	5,000	45,752	50,752
Wasatch Technology	12,000	<b>40,</b> 562	52,562
Fry Gods, Inc.	2,000	<b>3,</b> 339	5,339
Heritage Wood Shop	1,000	7,884	8,884
Innovative Trailer	2,745	-	2,745
Mountain Mill & Doors	2,000	<b>6,</b> 486	8,486
Red Hills Trucking & Repair	2,563	-	2,563
Rockwood Stage	2,000	<b>6,</b> 572	8,572
Total	146 040	747 706	90 <i>4 6</i> 05
Total	<u>146,849</u>	747,786	894,635

### **NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>	·			
Capital Assets Being Depred	ciated:			
Equipment	39,285	11,000	-	<b>50,28</b> 5
Vehicles	141,431	32,581	32,064	141,948
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated	180,716	43,581	32,064	192,233
Less Accumulated Deprecia	tion For:			
Equipment	22,014	10,057	-	32,071
Vehicles	78,729	36,431	25,651	89,509
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	100,743	46,488	25,651	121,580
Governmental Activities		•		
Capital Assets, Net	79,973	(2,907)	6,413	70,653

### **NOTE 6-ACCOUNTS PAYABLE**

Accounts payable of \$278,702 consists of monies owed to various vendors and agencies at June 30, 2006, and paid in subsequent periods.

### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT**

### **Compensated Absences:**

Compensated absences of the Six County Association of Governments represent accrued vacation pay at June 30, 2006, in the amount of \$94,777.

The Association has established an account to accumulate monies to fund this liability if payment had to be made to employees as a result of the Association discontinuing operations. The balance of the fund at June 30, 2006, was \$69,034.

### NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a statement of changes in Long-Term Debt for the year ending June 30, 2006:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2005	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2006
Compensated Absences	77,437	17,340		94,777

### NOTE 8 - STATE OF UTAH RETIREMENT PLANS

Local Governmental - Cost Sharing:

### Plan Description:

Six County Association of Governments contributes to the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (Systems). The System provides refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustment and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The System is established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The System issues a publicly available financial report that included financial statements and required supplementary information for the State and School Contributory Retirement System and State and School Noncontributory Retirement System. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

### **Funding Policy:**

Six County Association of Governments' is required to contribute a percent of covered salary to the respective systems, 11.09% to the Noncontributory Systems. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates and are approved by the Board as authorized by Chapter 49.

The Six County Association of Governments contributions to the various systems for the years ending June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004 respectively were; for the Noncontributory Retirement System, \$346,437.19, \$339,534.03, and \$288,853.79 respectively. The contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year.

### **NOTE 9 - COST ALLOCATION PLAN**

The Association has a Cost Allocation Plan/Indirect Cost Rate which has been approved by its Federal Cognizant Agency, the Department of Health and Human Services. The plan was approved on February 3, 1989, and the Association is not required to submit the cost Allocation Plan or the Departmental Indirect Cost proposals for prior Federal approval unless specifically requested to do so by the cognizant Federal agency. The plan was reviewed by the Department of Health and Human Services as of July, 15, 1999, and was approved as written.

### **NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Six County Association of Governments is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and injuries and disasters. The Association is insured through the Utah Local Governments Trust for general liability coverage. The limits of coverage is \$2,000,000 combined single limit per occurrence with \$1,000 deductible for each occurrence.

The Trust also covers automobile liability in the amount of \$2,000,000 combined single limit per accident with a \$1,000 deductible per each accident. Uninsured motorist coverage is \$50,000 limit each accident and \$50,000 aggregate each policy. Underinsured motorist is \$50,000 limit each accident.

The Association is also covered for replacement cost of buildings and equipment through the Local Governments Trust.

Property and equipment coverage is for replacement cost with a \$1,000 deductible.

Workers Compensation coverage is also with the Utah Local Governments Trust.

Claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three calendar years.

### **NOTE 11 - FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE**

The following is a reconciliation of Federal revenues per the report to the Schedule of Federal Awards Expended:

Federal Revenues Per Report	2,246,635
Plus:	
Revolving Loan Fund Pass Through Federal Grant	<b>40,0</b> 00
Prior Year Fund Balance Expended	<b>24,9</b> 96
Less:	>
SSBG Pass Thru from Human Services to Aging	(41,383)
Revenues Received - Not Expended	(22,114)
Federal Expenditures Per Schedule of Federal Awards Expended	2,248,134

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# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION "UNAUDITED"

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# SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

### For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts  Original Final		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note A)	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Federal Grants	<b>2,</b> 185 <b>,06</b> 6	2,594,125	2,246 <b>,6</b> 35	(347,490)	
Contracts With State Agencies	928,052	896,893	627,325	(269,568)	
Counties Contributions	293 <b>,36</b> 3	309,221	316,609	7,388	
Contractual	<b>275,00</b> 0	-	29,000	29,000	
Fees and Charges	243 <b>,80</b> 9	356,775	294,048	(62,727)	
Interest	13 <b>,50</b> 0	18,000	15,808	(2,192)	
Other	<b>25,224</b>	55,188	28 <b>,4</b> 04	<b>(</b> 26, <b>784</b> )	
Administrative Charges	1 <b>72,83</b> 5	214,575	175,226	(39,349)	
Use of Fund Balance	51,111	102,187		(102,187)	
Total Revenues	4,187,960	4,546,964	3,733,055	(813,909)	
Expenditures:			,		
Salaries and Wages	1,178,010	1,260,070	1,130,271	129,799	
Fringe Benefits	549,123	587,867	50 <b>5,0</b> 34	82,833	
Travel	98,449	218,208	19 <b>4,30</b> 4	23,904	
Supplies	94,571	196,345	19 <b>7,6</b> 36	(1,291)	
Contractual	455 <b>,87</b> 6	1,039,665	865,266	174,399	
Other	9,030	139,219	121,583	17,636	
Administrative Charges	53 <b>,6</b> 46	118,519	9 <b>7,8</b> 27	20, <b>692</b>	
Food and Other	221,119	314,835	25 <b>4,3</b> 09	60, <b>526</b>	
Materials and Supplies	95,754	244,381	91 <b>,3</b> 31	153,050	
Pass-Thru Monies to Counties	52,240	115,615	5 <b>8,6</b> 76	56,939	
Volunteer and Other Services	1,380,142	312,240	231,448	80,792	
Total Expenditures	4,187,960	4,546,964	3,747,685	799,279	
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-	(14,630)	(14,630)	
Fund Balance - Beginning			578,686		
Fund Balance - Ending			564,056		

#### SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedules:**

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules presented in this section of the report are for the Association's General Fund.

#### **Budgeting and Budgetary Control:**

Budgets for the General Fund are legally required and are prepared and adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Original budgets represent the revenue estimates and spending authority aurthorized by the Association's Board prior to the beginning of the year. Final budgets represent the original budget amounts plus any amendments made to the budget during the year by the Board through formal resolution. Final budgets do not include unexpended balances from the prior year because such balances automatically laspe to unreserved fund balance at the end of each year.

#### **Current Year Excess of Expentitures over Appropriations:**

For the year ended June 30, 2006, spending for all funds and departments of the Association was within the approved budgets.

# COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

### SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND BY DEPARTMENT

	Totals					
	Memorandum			Economic	Community	Housing and
	Only	Administration	Aging	<u>Development</u>	Assistance	Weatherization
REVENUES						
Federal Grants	<b>2,246,63</b> 5	37,743	533,812	553,198	419,953	701,929
Contracts With State Agencies	627, <b>32</b> 5	-	498,664	67,000	-	61, <b>661</b>
Counties Contributions	316,609	48 <b>,84</b> 4	230,396	19,282	18,087	-
Contractual	29,000	29,000	<del>-</del> .	-	-	-
Fees and Charges	294,048	56 <b>,18</b> 3	237,865	-	-	· -
Interest	15,808	15,808	-	-	-	-
Other	28,404	300	-	<b>2,</b> 421	-	25, <b>683</b>
Administrative Charges	175,226	175,226				
TOTAL REVENUES	3,733,055	363,104	1,500,737	641,901	438,040	789,273
EXPENDITURES	*					
Salaries and Wages	1,130,271	81,329	62 <b>8,3</b> 43	110,002	109,093	201,504
Fringe Benefits	505,034	44,366	220,842	<b>56,</b> 816	<b>65,</b> 950	117,060
Travel	194,304	33,998	72,260	31,165	18,900	37, <b>981</b>
Supplies	197 <b>,63</b> 6	60,781	<b>53,0</b> 69	17,932	36,202	29,652
Equipment	25,292	25,292	-	-	-	-
Contractual	865 <b>,26</b> 6	21,994	162,378	410,669	-	270, <b>22</b> 5
Other	96,291	43,563	-	5,948	3,094	43,686
Administrative Charges	97,827	1,431	44,388	19,223	11,936	20,849
Food and Other	254,309	•	237,309	• -	17,000	-
Materials and Supplies	91,331	-	-	-	-	91,331
Pass-Thru Monies to Counties	58 <b>,67</b> 6	-	1 <b>7,4</b> 73	-	41,203	-
Volunteer and Other Services	231,448		98,410		133,038	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,747,685	312,754	1,534,472	<b>651</b> ,755	<b>436</b> ,416	812,288
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(14,630)	50,350	(33,735)	(9,854)	1,624	(23,015)
FUND BALANCE -						
BEGINNING OF YEAR	578,686	311,644	103,697	<b>95</b> ,567	5,777	62,001
FUND BALANCE -						
END OF YEAR	564,056	361,994_	69,962	<b>85</b> ,713	7,401	38,986

## SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ADMINISTRATION

	<b>-</b>	Admin Franc	Admin Com	Finance	Car Pool	WIA <b>M</b> tnlands
	Total	Admin-Exec	Admin-Serv	<u>Finance</u>	<u>Cai Fooi</u>	IVILITIATIOS_
REVENUES	00.000	00.000			_	
Contracts With State Agencies	29,000	29,000	- 48,844	_	_	_
Counties Contributions	48,844	-	300	_	_	_
Collections	300	-	300	<u>-</u>	_	37,743
Contractual	37,743	-	-	-	27,380	-
Car Pool Revenue	27,380	· •	-	28,803	27,000	<u> </u>
Other	28,803	-	- 05 606	•	. <del>-</del>	_
Indirect	175,226	-	25,636	149,590	-	_
Interest	15,808			15,808		<del></del>
TOTAL REVENUES	363,104	29,000	74,780	194,201	27,380	37,743
EXPENDITURES						
Salaries and Wages	81,329	-	22,785	58,544	<b>-</b> '	-
Fringe Benefits	44,366	-	13,451	30,704	-	211
Travel	33,998	-	21,666	5,672	6,6 <b>60</b>	-
Supplies	<b>60,</b> 781	-	12,306	40,392	8,083	-
Equipment	25,292	-	-	-	25,292	-
Contractual	21,994	<b>.</b>	-	21,994	-	
Other	43,563	· <b>-</b>	845	7,062	-	35, <b>65</b> 6
Administrative Charges	1,431		<del></del>			1,431_
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	312,754		71,053	164,368	40,035	37,298
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	50,350	29,000	3,727	29,833	(12,655)	445
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	311,644	· 	293,937	8,019	9,688	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	361,994	29,000	297,664	37,852	(2,967)	445

# SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AGING

Caregiver	35,842	20,300	•	•	56,142		15,667	9,792	1,175	4,024	25,046	1,645	•	•	1,071	58,420	(2,278)	10,922	8,644
RSVP	104,887	ı	2,520	3,315	110,722		54,785	35,443	3,470	18,457	•	3,504		1	6,694	122,353	(11,631)	29,067	17,436
Ombudsman	3,001	8,321	•	-	11,322		4,764	4,235	921	1,063	ı	339	•	ļ	1	11,322	•	·	1
Nutrition	255,043	123,763	159,635	192,105	730,546		348,454	75,232	46,323	2,899	ı	ı	232,284	ı	41,127	746,319	(15,773)	42,513	26,740
Medicaid Waiver	26,562	26,562	•	37,036	90,160		40,099	21,127	6,373	5,640	6,043	2,506	5,025	•	1,813	88,626	1,534	4,886	6,420
Alternative	ı	228,033	•	4,769	232,802		51,017	32,037	5,930	7,403	126,412	7,051	•	•		229,850	2,952		2,952
Aging	108,477	91,685	68,242	639	269,043		113,557	42,976	8,068	13,583	4,877	29,343	1	17,473	47,705	277,582	(8,539)	16,309	7,770
Total	533,812	498,664	230,397	237,864	1,500,737		628,343	220,842	72,260	53,069	162,378	44,388	237,309	17,473	98,410	1,534,472	(33,735)	YEAR 103,697	69,962
	REVENUES Federal Grants	Contracts With State Agencies	Counties' Contributions	Collections	TOTAL REVENUES	EXPENDITURES	Salaries and Wages	Fringe Benefits	Travel	Supplies	Contractual	Administrative Charges	Food and Other	Pass-Thru Monies to Counties	Services	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	EXCESS (DEFICIT) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR

# SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

	Total	Economic Development	CDBG	Procurement	Railroad	Planning	Disaster Mitigation
REVENUES					*** ***		
Federal Grants	553,198	38,250	59,321	42,000	413,627	-	-
State Grants	67,000	-	6,000	-	-	61,000	-
Counties' Contributions	19,282	19,282	-	-	-	-	-
Other	2,421	2,000_		421			
TOTAL REVENUES	641,901	59,532	65,321	42,421	413,627	61,000	<del></del>
EXPENDITURES							
Salaries and Wages	110,001	32,577	35,515	11,839	-	30,070	-
Fringe Benefits	56,816	14,857	18,658	7,319	-	15,982	-
Travel	31,165	13,0 <b>20</b>	9,084	4,349	1,336	3,376	-
Supplies and Printing	17,933	3,400	9,695	2,091	224	2,523	-
Contractual	410,669	-	3,720	-	400,020	6,929	-
Other	5,948	152	3,581	1,941	-	274	
Administrative Charges	19,223	1,960_	2,524	841	12,047	1,846	5
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	651,755	65, <b>966</b>	82,777	28,380	413,627	61,000	5
EXCESS (DEFICIT) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(9,854)	(6,434)	(17,456)	14,041	-	-	(5)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	95, <b>56</b> 7	13,908	70,828	8,818	2,008		5
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	85,713	7,474	53,372	22,859	2,008	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

# SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE

	Total	_FEMA_	_CSBG_	SSBG Resources	HEAT Assistance	Homeless Prevention
REVENUES						
Federal Grants	419,953	3,996	142,741	61,842	190,234	21,140
Counties' Contributions	18,087		-	15,791		2,296
TOTAL REVENUES	438,040	3,996	142,741	<u>77,633</u>	190,234	23,436
EXPENDITURES						
Salaries and Wages	109,093	-	<b>40</b> ,897	12,323	55,8 <b>73</b>	-
Fringe Benefits	65,950	-	29,031	5,127	31,792	-
Travel	18,900	-	<b>4</b> ,054	• <del>-</del>	14,846	-
Supplies and Printing	36,202	128	15,106	1,163	19,805	-
Other	3,094	-	-	- -	3,094	-
Administrative Charges	11,936	-	4,224	2,328	5,384	-
Pass-Thru Monies	41,203	· <b>-</b>	-	41,203	- -	<b>-</b> .
Services	133,038	-	32,869	17,103	59,630	23,436
Food and Other	17,000	-	17,000	-	<u>-</u>	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	436,416	128	143,181	79,247	190,424	23,436
EXCESS (DEFICIT) REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	1,624	3,868	(440)	(1,614)	(190)	-
FUND BALANCE -						
BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,777	<u></u>	1,554	4,023	200	•
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	7.404	0.000	4 4 4 4			
END OF TEAR	7,401	<u>3,868</u>	1,114	<u>2,409</u>	10	-

# SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES HOUSING AND WEATHERIZATION

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Critical	Needs		000	76,000		26,000			•	•	232	<del>5</del>	25,000		9		26,000	ı	,	
Lead	Based	Paint	6,556		•		6,556			1,437	414	2	1,018	2,600		166		5,640	916	6,550	7,466
	Home	Projects	156,681		11,426	924	169.031			•		•	•	169,041	•	•		169,041	(10)	10	
	Sevier	Self-Help	171.098		<b>6</b> 6	15	171.152			83,955	43,670	15,123	15,043	25,137		4,986	8,219	196,133	(24,981)	49,241	24,260
		UP&L				4,634	4 634	5	,	1,978	1,067	,		•	•	179	1,410	4,634	ı		
Crown	Homes	LLC's			•	5,421	7.421			2,447	2,174	52	26		•	<del>1</del>		4,887	534	4,492	5,026
		Questar			į	11,392	11 302	266,11		4,280	1,869		•	4,816	•	327	100	11,392	ı		
Down	Payment	Assist	41 894	50.	1,626		42 500	43,320		835	1,344	•	141		39,906	1,294		43,520	,		
Rural	Develop	Downpmt			•	3,000	6	000'6		٠		•		•	3,000	•		3,000			
		DOE	156 307	100,001	•	250	700	156,557		50,079	30,680	15,755	6,577	10,458	289	4,250	38,237	156,625	(68)	89	-
		LIHEAP	467 499	201,101		•		15/,132		41,888	26,313	3,654	3,936	33,173	•	4,803	43,365	157,132	•		
		HOME	700	12,201	22,570	47		34,878		14,605	9,529	3,187	2,735		191	4,037		34,284	594	1,640	2,234
		Total		628,107	61,661	25,683		789,273		201,504	117,060	37,981	29,652	270,225	43,686	20,849	91,331	812,288	(23,015)	62,001	38,986
			REVENUES	Federal Grants	Contracts - State Agencies	Other	<u> </u>	TOTAL REVENUES	EXPENDITURES	Salaries and Wages	Fringe Benefits	Travel	Supplies and Printing	Contractual	Other	Administrative Charges	Materials and Supplies	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR

# SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ADMINISTRATION

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES			<u> </u>
Federal Grants	<b>60,</b> 529	37,743	(22,786)
Counties' Contributions	48,753	48,844	91
Contractual	-	29,000	29,000
Interest	18,000	15,808	(2,192)
Collections	<b>84,</b> 805	56,183	(28,622)
Other	-	300	300
Administrative Charges to Departments	165,335	175,226	9,891
Fund Balance	<u>25,055</u>		(25,055)
TOTAL REVENUES	402,477	363,104	(39,373)
EXPENDITURES			
Salaries and Wages	96,154	81,329	14,825
Fringe Benefits	<b>48,</b> 619	44,366	4,253
Travel	40,500	33,998	6,502
Supplies	<b>63,</b> 082	<b>60,781</b>	2,301
Equipment	27,293	25,292	2,001
Contractual	43,000	21,994	21,006
Other	81,079	43,563	37,516
Administrative Charges	2,750	1,431_	1,319
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	402,477	312,754	89,723
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES			a
OVER EXPENDITURES	- 	50,350	50,350
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		311,644	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		<u>361,994</u>	

# SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL AGING

	Budget _	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES			
Federal Grants	297,960	533,812	235,852
Contracts With State Agencies	765,310	498,664	(266,646)
Counties Contributions	230,396	230,396	-
Fees and Charges	271,970	237,865	(34,105)
Fund Balance	20,641		(20,641)
TOTAL REVENUES	1,586,277	1,500,737_	(85,540)
EXPENDITURES			
Salaries and Wages	643,355	628,343	15,012
Fringe Benefits	236,799	220,842	15,957
Travel	<b>78,6</b> 70	72,260	6,410
Supplies	52,306	53,069	(763)
Contractual	178,700	162,378	16,322
Other	8,494	-	8,494
Administrative Charges	44,774	44,388	386
Food and Other	280,835	237,309	43,526
Pass-Thru Monies	17,473	17,473	•
Services	44,871	98,410	(53,539)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,586,277	1,534,472	51,805
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(33,735)	(33,735)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		103,697	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		69,962	

# SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES			
Federal Grants	6 <b>96,</b> 541	<b>553,198</b>	(143,343)
State Contracts	61,000	67,000	6,000
Counties' Contributions	14,281	19,282	5,001
Other	8,821	2,421	(6,400)
Fund Balance	56,291	<del></del>	(56,291)
TOTAL REVENUES	836,934	641,901	(195,033)
EXPENDITURES			
Salaries and Wages	139,591	110,002	29,589
Fringe Benefits	69,421	56,81 <b>6</b>	12,605
Travel	39,114	31,165	7,949
Supplies and Printing	16,914	17,932	(1,018)
Contractual	535,536	410,669	124,867
Other	11,237	5,948	5,289
Administrative Charges	25,121	19,223	5,898
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<b>836,9</b> 34	651,755	185,179
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES		(9,854)	(9,854)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	•	95,567	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		85,713	

# SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE

			Variance Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES			
Federal Grants	637,480	419,953	(217,527)
State Grants	23,195	•	(23,195)
Counties' Contributions	15,791	18,087	2,296
Fund Balance	500	-	(500)
TOTAL REVENUES	676,966	438,040	(238,926)
EXPENDITURES			
Salaries and Wages	162,297	<b>109,</b> 093	53,204
Fringe Benefits	106,714	<b>65,</b> 950	40,764
Travel	19,816	18,900	916
Supplies	37,741	36,202	1,539
Contractual	15,235	-	15,235
Other	<b>9,6</b> 16	3,094	6,522
Administrative Charges	18,511	11,936	6,575
Pass-Thru Monies	98,142	41,203	56,939
Services	174,894	133,038	41,856
Food and Other	34,000	17,000	17,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	67 <b>6,</b> 966	436,416	240,550
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-	1,624	1,624
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		5,777	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		7,401	

# SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOUSING AND WEATHERIZATION

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES			10000000
Federal Grants	901,615	701,929	(199,686)
Contracts With State Agencies	47,388	61,661	14,273
Other	46,367	25,683	(20,684)
Fund Balance	49,240		(49,240)
TOTAL REVENUES	1,044,610	789,273	(255,337)
EXPENDITURES			
Salaries and Wages	218,673	201,504	17,169
Fringe Benefits	126,314	117,060	9,254
Travel	40,108	37,981	2,127
Supplies	26,302	<b>29</b> ,652	(3,350)
Contractual	267,194	270,225	(3,031)
Other	1,800	43,686	(41,886)
Administrative Charges	27,363	20,849	6,514
Materials and Supplies	<b>244,3</b> 81	91,331	153,050
Volunteer and Other Services	92,475		92,475
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,044,610	812,288	232,322
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	-	(23,015)	(23,015)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		62,001	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		<b>38</b> ,986	•

#### **COMPLIANCE SECTION**

#### Kimball & Roberts

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Phone 896-6488

### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Executive Committee
Six County Association of Governments
Richfield, Utah 84701

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Six County Association of Governments as and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise Six County Association of Governments' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 20, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Six County Association of Governments' internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Six County Association of Governments' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Executive Committee
Six County Association of Governments
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This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, executive committee and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KIMBALL & ROBERTS, P. C. Certified Public Accountants

November 20, 2006 Richfield, Utah

#### Kimball & Roberts

Certified Public Accountants
A Professional Corporation
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Richfield, Utah 84701
Phone 896-6488

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Executive Committee
Six County Association of Governments
Richfield, Utah 84701

#### **Compliance**

We have audited the compliance of Six County Association of Governments with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U. S. Office of Management of and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2006. Six County Association of Governments' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Six County Association of Governments' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Six County Association of Governments' compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of State and Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Six County Association of Governments' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Six County Association of Governments' compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Six County Association of Governments complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Executive Committee
Six County Association of Governments
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#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Six County Association of Governments is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Six County Association of Governments' internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirement of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of management, executive committee and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other then these specified parties.

KIMBALL & ROBERTS, P. C. Certified Public Accountants

November 20, 2006 Richfield, Utah

#### SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the comprehensive annual financial statements of Six County Association of Governments.
- No reportable conditions relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Six County Association of Governments were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No reportable conditions relating to the audit of the major federal award programs is reported in the Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Six County Association of Governments expresses an unqualified opinion.
- There were no findings relative to the major federal award programs for Six County Association of Governments.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs include: Rural Self-Help Housing Technical Assistance, CFDA's 10.420 and Railroad Research and Development, CFDA 20.313.
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A programs is \$300,000 of federal awards expended.
- 9. Six County Association of Governments was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

#### **B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT**

None.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None.

mtt.A.s.istamos	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantors Number	Amount of Expenditures
Direct Assistance:			
Department of Agriculture:			
Rural Self-Help Housing Technical Assistance	10.420	N/A	170,996
Total Department of Agriculture			170,996
Department of Commerce:		·	
~Revolving Loan Fund	11.307	N/A	20,000
Total Department of Commerce			20,000
Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	N/A	20,000
Total Department of Housing and Urban Develo	pment		20,000
Department of Labor:			
Workforce Investment Act	17.280	N/A	37,298
Total Department of Labor		-	37,298
Department of Transportation:			
Railroad Administration	20.313	N/A	413,627
Total Department of Transportation			413,627

<sup>~</sup> See footnote 4 for details regarding Revolving Loan Fund activity during the year.

Direct Assistance (Continued):	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantors Number	Amount of Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Senior Medicare Patrol Intergation Grants	93.048	N/A	5,000
Total Department of Health and Human Services			5,000
Corporation for National and Community Service:			
Retired Seniors Volunteer Program	94.002	N/A	99,887
Total Corporation for National and Community Service			99,887
Total Direct Assistance			766,808
Indirect Assistance:			
Department of Agriculture:			
State Department of Human Services:			
Rural Self-Help Housing Technical Assistance	10.420 10.420	05-0532 06-0910	9,142 15,956
Federal Food Program (Cash in Lieu of Commodities for Aging)	10.550	05-2392	<b>7</b> 1,804
Total Department of Agriculture			96,902
Department of Commerce:			
State Department of Economic Development:			
Procurement Technical Assistance for Business Firm	s 11.302 11.302	05 <b>-83-04266</b> 05 <b>-83-</b> 041 <b>3</b> 9	11,985 25,500
Total Department of Defense			37,485

	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantors Number	Amount of Expenditures
Indirect Assistance (Continued):			
Department of Defense:			
State Department of Community and Economic Deveolpment:			
Procurement Technical Assistance for Business Firm	ns 12.002	04-1525	28,380
Total Department of Defense			28,380_
Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
State Department of Community and Economic Development:			
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	06-0963	48,254
	14.228 14.228	0 <b>6-0432</b> 04 <b>-0</b> 992	1 <b>0,29</b> 1 5,640
Emergency Shelter Grant Program	14.231	06-0969	21,140
HOME Investment Partnership Program	14.239	06-1040	12,261
	14.239 14.239	06-1038 05-2312	86,399 70,282
Total Department of Housing and Urban Develop		03-2312	254,267
Department of Energy:			
State Department of Community and Economic Development:			
Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons	81.042	06-0312	155,707
Total Department of Energy			155,707

Indirect Assistance (Continued):	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantors Number	Amount of Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:			
State Department of Human Services:			
Aging Ombudsman Title VII	93.042	05-2392	3,001
Aging Title IIIB	93.044	05-2392	<b>79,5</b> 35
Aging Title III C-Nutrition	93.045	05-2392	157,618
Preventive Health Title IIID	93.046	05-2392	3,197
Caregiver Title IIIE	93.052	05-2392	39,825
Tempory Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	06-1079	<b>41</b> ,894
Low Income Housing Energy Assistance Program	93.568 93.568 93.568 93.568 93.568	05-1313 06-0969 05-1666 04-1796 06-1150	140,958 49,266 31,322 5,545 120,265
Community Service Block Grant	93.569 93.569	06-1103 05-1505	31,264 110,363
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	06-0721	61,842
Medicaid Waiver	93.778	06-0315	<b>26,</b> 562
Aging - Counseling	93.779	05-2392	6,000
Total Department of Health and Human Services			908,457

#### For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Indirect Assistance (Continued):	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantors Number	Amount of Expenditures
Department of Homeland Security:			
State and Local Programs and Support:			
Federal Emergency Management Food and Shelter Program	97.024	23-8518-00	128_
Total Department of Homeland Security	-		128
Total Indirect Assistance			1,481,326
Total Federal Assistance			2,248,134

#### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDED

#### NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### General:

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expended presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of Six County Association of Governments. The reporting entity, Six County Association of Governments, is defined in Note 1 to Six County Association of Governments' basic financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies are included on the Schedule of Federal Awards Expended.

#### Basis of Accounting:

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expended is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting for assistance received by governmental fund types, which is described in Note 1 to Six County Association of Governments' basic financial statements.

#### SIX COUNTY ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

There are no prior audit findings.

#### Kimball & Roberts

Certified Public Accountants
A Professional Corporation
Box 663
Richfield, Utah 84701
Phone 896-6488

#### AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Executive Committee
Six County Association of Governments
Richfield, Utah 84701

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Six County Association of Governments, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated November 20, 2006. As part of our audit, we have audited the Six County Association of Governments' compliance with the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; special tests and provisions applicable to each of its major State assistance programs as required by the State of Utah's Legal Compliance Audit Guide for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The Association received the following major State assistance programs from the State of Utah:

Utah Division of Aging and Adult Services (Alternative, Aging, Nutrition, Caregiver and Ombudsman)

Department of Community and Economic Development (Planning Assistance, Rural Development, Down Payment Assistance, Home and Community Impact Board)

Our audit also included testwork on the Association's compliance with those general compliance requirements identified in the State of Utah Compliance Audit Guide, including:

Public Debt
Cash Management
Purchasing Requirements
Budgetary Compliance
Property Tax
Other Compliance Requirements

The management of the Six County Association of Governments is responsible for the Association's compliance with all compliance requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Associations' compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Executive Committee
Six County Association of Governments
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The results of our audit procedures disclosed no instances of noncompliance with the requirements referred to above.

In our opinion, the Six County Association of Governments, complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above and the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; and special tests and provisions that are applicable to each of its major State assistance programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

KIMBALL & ROBERTS, P. C. Certified Public Accountants

November 20, 2006 Richfield, Utah